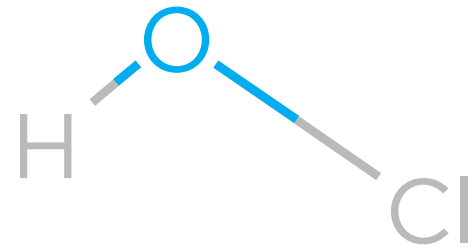




## THE POWER OF A MOLECULE

The hypochlorous molecule is naturally produced in the body's neutrophils.<sup>1</sup> Puracyn Plus is a synthesized version of the hypochlorous molecule to provide clinicians an alternative to commercial wound care products that are not biocompatible and may prolong the healing process.



## WOUND IRRIGATION CYTOTOXICITY COMPARISON

Topical antiseptics such as Dakin's Solution, hydrogen peroxide, and acetic acid are cytotoxic at typical concentrations and may impede wound healing.<sup>2,3</sup> On the other hand, the use of saline or tap water is inappropriate for wound bed preparation in the context of bioburden and biofilm.<sup>3</sup>

WOUND IRRIGANT	RESULTS
Saline (0.9% NaCl, pH 5.0)	Pass
Hypochlorous Acid (0.024%)	Pass
Sodium Hypochlorite (Dakin's) (0.25%)	Fail
Sodium Hypochlorite (Dakin's) (0.5%)	Fail
Hydrogen Peroxide (3%)	Fail
Chlorhexidine Gluconate (0.02%)	Fail
Povidone Iodine (7.5%)	Fail

## ANTIMICROBIAL EFFECTIVENESS TESTING

Puracyn Plus contains hypochlorous acid, a known antimicrobial, which serves as a preservative to inhibit the growth of microorganisms within in the solution.

ORGANISMS	THEORETICAL INOCULUM CONCENTRATION PER mL OF TEST ARTICLE	MICROBIAL REDUCTION (15 SECONDS)
<i>K. pneumoniae</i>	1.32 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	> 99.99999% (7+ log reduction)
<i>E. faecalis</i>	4.10 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
<i>S. aureus MRSA</i>	6.55 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
<i>S. epidermidis</i>	5.80 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
<i>A. baumannii</i>	8.50 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
<i>S. aureus</i>	8.75 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
<i>P. aeruginosa</i>	5.20 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
<i>E. coli</i>	8.90 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
<i>C. albicans</i>	2.30 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	

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2. Wolcott RD, Kennedy JP, Dowd, SE. Regular debridement is the main tool for maintaining a healthy wound bed in most chronic wounds. J Wound Care. 2009; 18(2): 54-56.

3. Wang L, Bassiri M, Najafi R, Najafi K. Hypochlorous acid as a potential wound care agent. Part I. Stabilized hypochlorous acid: A component of the inorganic armamentarium of innate immunity. Journal of Burns and Wounds. 2007; 6: 65-79.